## CLEAVAGE OF 7-NITRO-4-METHYL-3-DIMETHYLPHENYL-SILYLPYRIDO[1,2-a]BENZIMIDAZOLE BY DIMETHYL ACETYLENEDICARBOXYLATE IN BENZENE

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Pyrido[1,2-a]benzimidazole is known to form adducts with two or three molecules of dimethyl acetylenedicarboxylate — 9,10,11,12-tetramethoxycarbonylbispyrido[1,2-a:2',1'-b]benzimidazoline and 6,7,9,10,11,12-hexamethoxycarbonyl-5,8-ethenylenebispyrido[1,2-a:2',1'-b]benzimidazoline respectively [1]. When we treated 7-nitro-4-methyl-3-dimethylphenylsilyl-pyrido[1,2-a]benzimidazole (I) with a 30-fold excess of dimethyl acetylenedicarboxylate in benzene at 20°C we obtained 8-nitro-1,2,3,4-tetramethoxycarbonylpyrido[1,2-a]benzimidazole in 50% yield. The silicon-containing fragment was shown by chromatomass spectrometry to be removed as the substituted benzene (III):

$$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} C-CO_2Me \\ C-CO_2Me \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} C-CO_2Me \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} C-CO_2Me \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} O_2N \end{array} \\ \end{array}$$

It proposed that the reaction begins with addition of dimethyl acetylenedicarboxylate at atom  $N_{(5)}$  accompanied by aromatization of the pyridine unit. This is followed by fission of the  $N-C_{(1)}$  bond by nucleophilic attack by a second dimethyl acetylenedicarboxylate molecule. It cannot be excluded that an intermediate in this unusual rearrangement is the adduct of compound I with two molecules of dimethyl acetylenedicarboxylate.

**8-Nitro-1,2,3,4-tetramethoxycarbonylpyrido[1,2-a]benzimidazole (II, C**<sub>19</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>10</sub>), yellow crystals, m.p. 196-197°C (benzene),  $R_f$  0.4 (silufol, 3:1 ethyl acetate—heptane). <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (200 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 3.97, 3.99, 4.10, 4.30 (12 H, 4 s, CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 8.16 (1 H, d,  $J_{67}$  = 8 Hz, 6-H), 8.54 (1 H, dd,  $J_{76}$  = 8,  $J_{79}$  = 2 Hz, 7-H), 8.66 ppm (1 H, d,  $J_{97}$  = 2Hz, 9-H). Mass spectrum, m/z ( $I_{rel}$ , %): 445 (M<sup>+</sup>, 100), 414 (35, M-CH<sub>3</sub>OH), 387 (12, M-CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 329 (70, M-2CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 271 (49, M-3CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 213 (21, 4-CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>).

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## REFERENCE

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